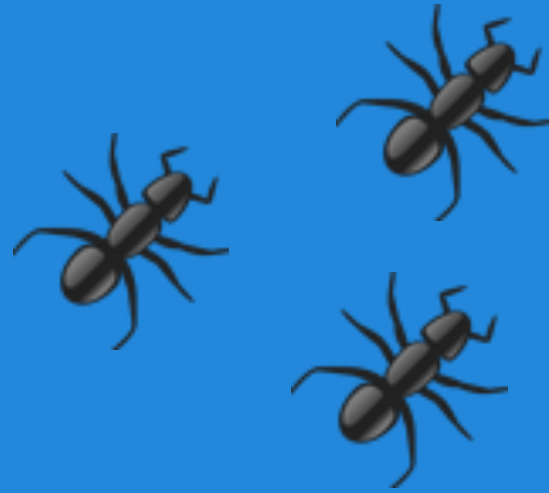


# ANTS



Fesseha Belay  
Javier Morata

# What is it?

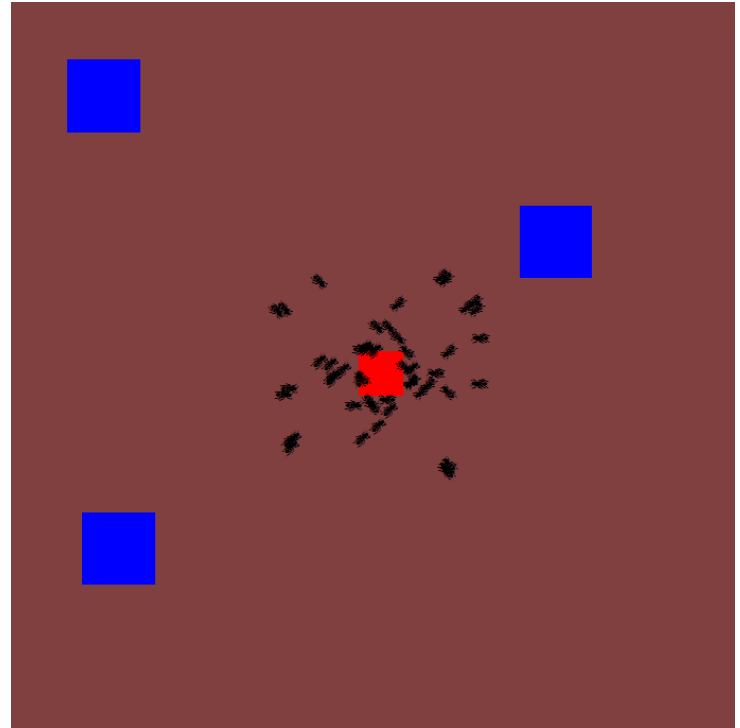


- The Model is the simulation of ants and their behaviour
- How ants move away from their nest in search for food and come back with food.
- They make indirect communication by secreting a chemical called Pheromone.

# How it works?



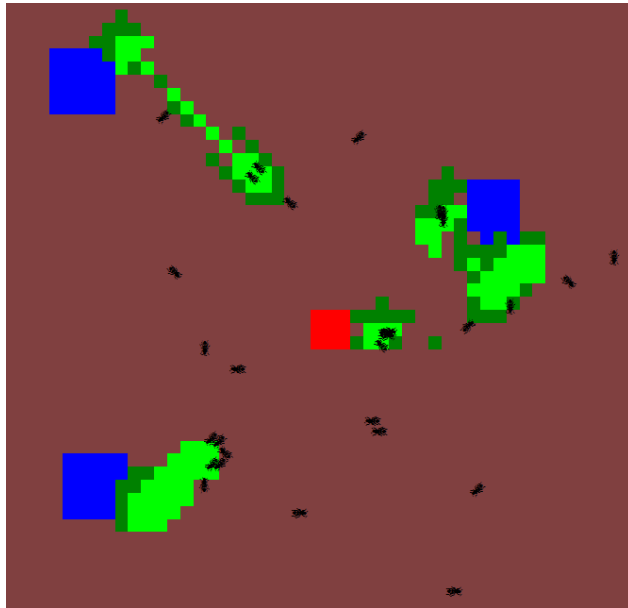
- Initial State →
- Goal: Bring the food to the nest








# Scenario



## Cellular Space



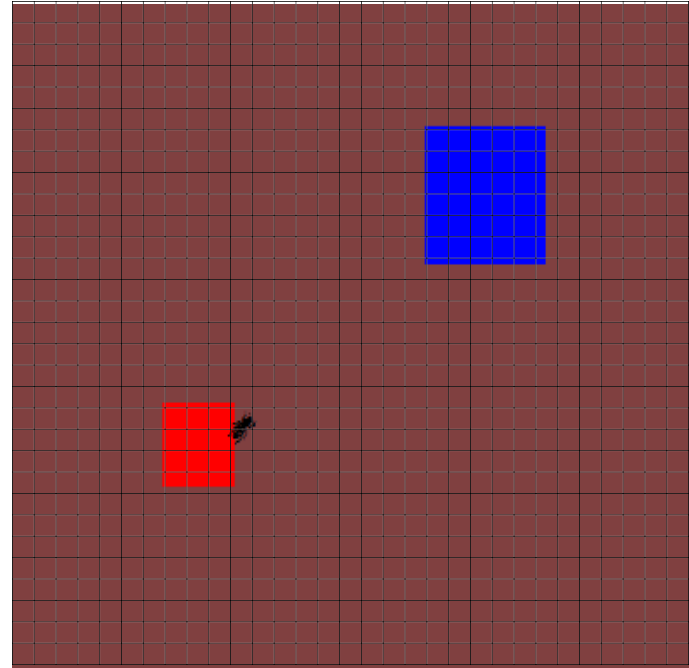
## Cell State

-  Soil
-  Food
-  Nest
-  Strong Chemical
-  Weak Chemical

# Ants movement



1. Starting from nest.
2. Choose a cell randomly on the CellularSpace.
3. Calculate the route from the ant to the cell destination.
4. Ants go through the route until the destination cell.
5. Repeat step 2.

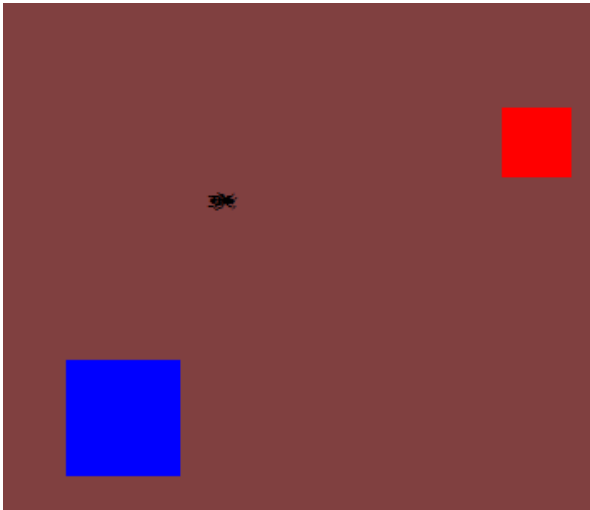


# Ants behavior (I)

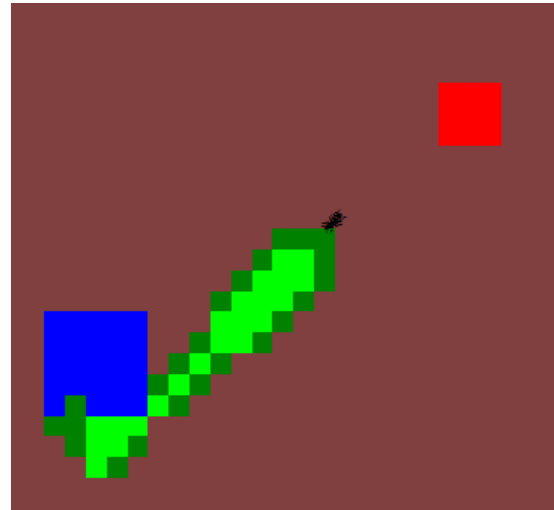


## 2 Possible states

Searching for food



Bringing food

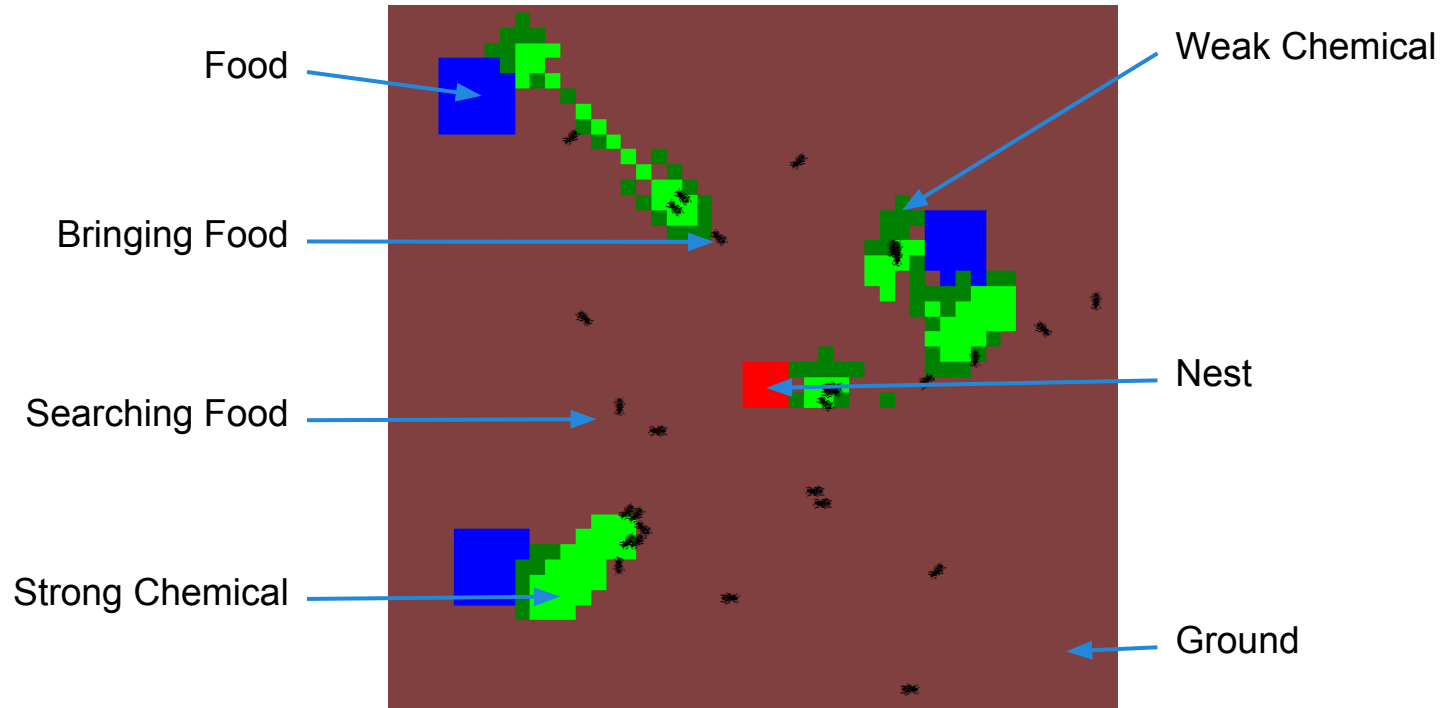


# Ants behavior (II)



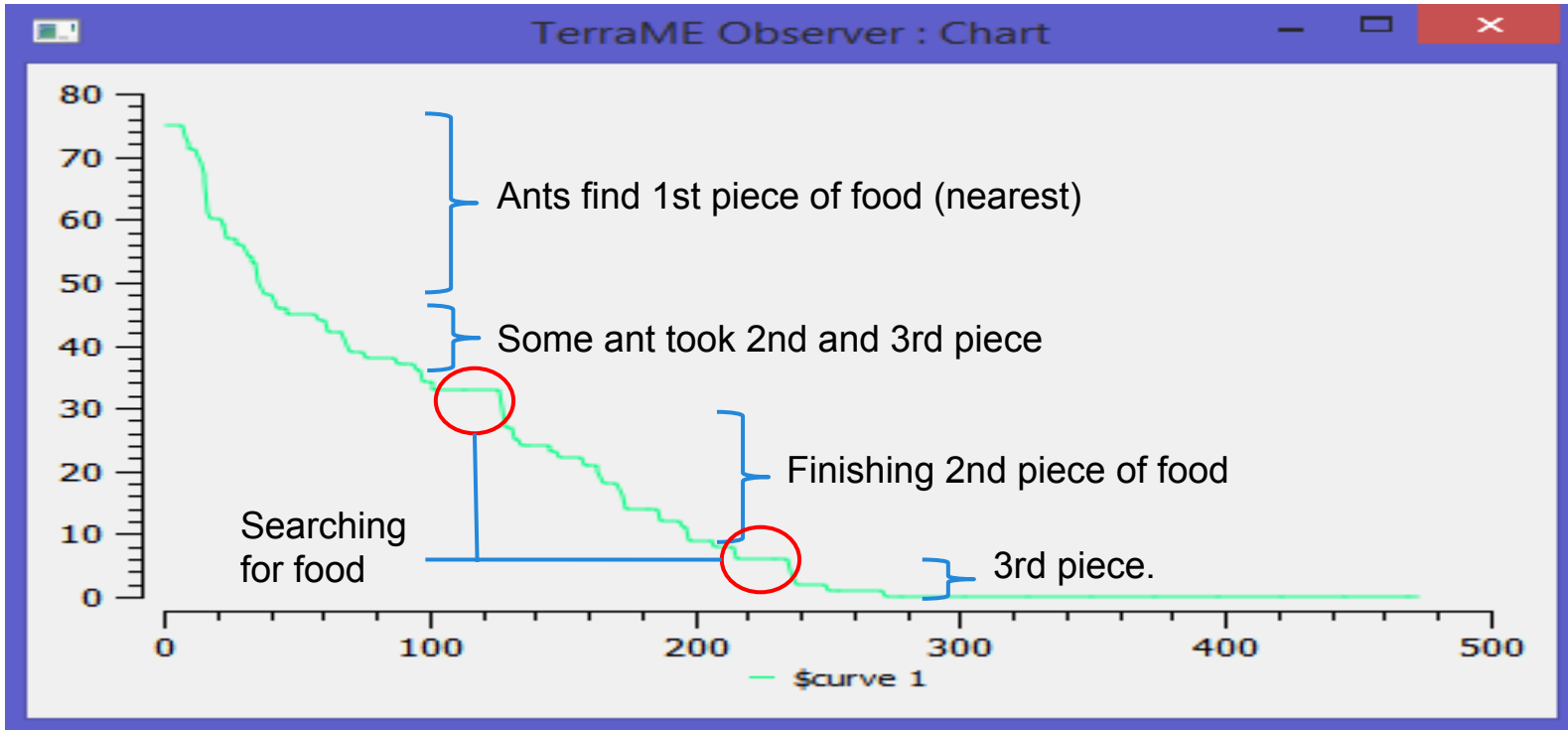
- Ant find food (■):
  - Change state to BRINGING FOOD and go straight to the nest dropping chemical.
- Ant find chemical (■):
  - Search for food, or move between chemicals.
- Ant find less chemical (■):
  - Search for food, or move between chemicals.
- Ant state is bringing food and find nest (■):
  - Drop food and change state to SEARCHING FOOD.

# Example





# Graph consumption





# Demo

# Conclusions



- The behaviour is useful in research areas of swarm robotics and computational Intelligence.
- Ants may find food either near or far of the nest. The food which is near to the nest is taken faster.
- The consumption graph develops a steep gradient when the ant finds food and remains horizontal otherwise.
- The bigger the amount of food, it will take less time to take most of it and Viceversa.



# Questions?

Thanks